

Seminar

Unexpected weak ferromagnetism at room temperature and Visible/IR range optical absorption in nano-titania

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Nano-titania (TiO2), a wide band gap semiconductor, endowed with unprecedented properties that are valued for its catalytic, electrical transport and optical properties, and hence it finds uses in diverse applications, such as photocatalysis, solar cells, ion battery, photo electrochemical solar conversion, gas sensors, hydrogen production, environmental cleaning, water purification and spintronics. TiO₂ itself is non-magnetic; intrinsically however, room temperature ferromagnetism (RTFM) has been reported in the same via defect-engineered or transition metal doping into it. The controversy of RTFM in TiO2 is still not clear, because of the existence of intrinsic defects like oxygen vacancies or Ti interstitials and extrinsic factors like magnetic clusters due to dopants. The focus of this presentation is on elucidating the origin of RTFM and narrowing of band-gap in TiO2 via deferent mechanisms. A concept of d⁰ ferromagnetism in undoped TiO₂ will also be explained.

Tuesday, Aug 27th 2019 4:00 PM (Tea/Coffee at 3:30 PM) Auditorium, TIFR-H